

LEES 2024  
28 Oct. -1 Nov.  
Sendai



Low-Energy Electron Scattering for Nucleon and Exotic Nuclei

Tohoku University



東北大学知の館

## New structure observables in a future GANIL facility for electron-radioactive ion scattering

Context of the RIB physics & physics questions  
The (femto)scopes of the experimental program

→ SCRIT-inspired project ←

Physics cases & Beams

Spirit of the project ↔ Nuclear density observables



Valérie Lapoux CEA Saclay

*On behalf of the e-RIB group (CEA, GANIL, LPC Caen, IJCLab)*

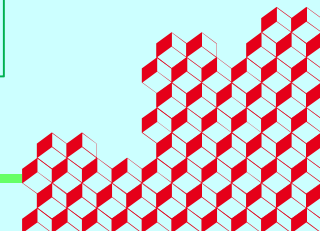
*Pierre Delahaye (GANIL), Vittorio Somà (CEA), et al.*

*→ Fruitful discussions with the SCRIT-Riken-Tohoku group*

cea irfu

GANIL future electron-RIB

Nuclear structure via (e,e) (p,p)



# Nuclear physics at the extremes

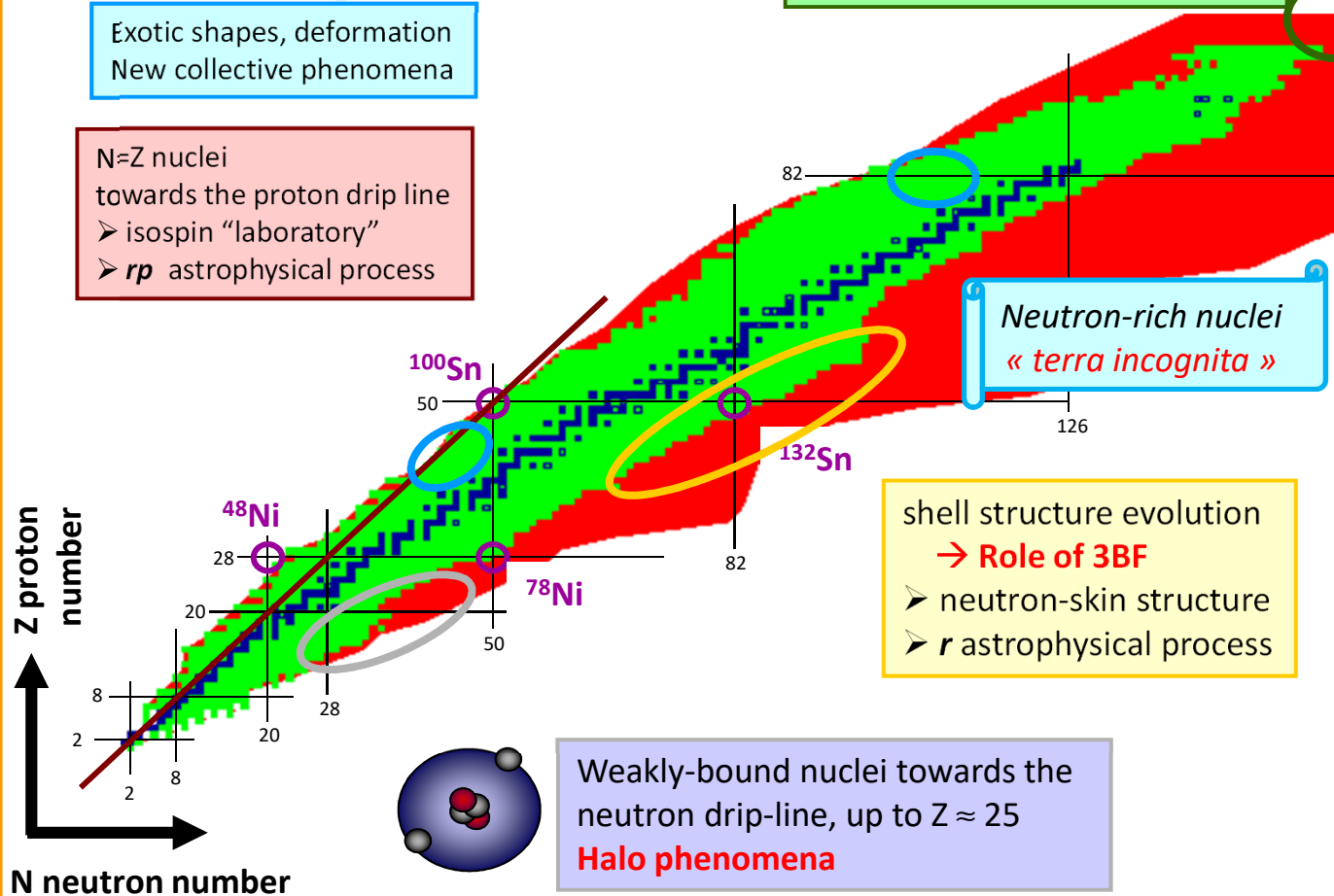
High  $T_z$ , high  $I$ , high  $Ex$ , high  $Z$

From the 1980s to 2010, article introduction:  
« with the advent of the RIBs... »



Exotic shapes, deformation  
New collective phenomena

N=Z nuclei  
towards the proton drip line  
➤ isospin "laboratory"  
➤ *rp* astrophysical process



Neutron-rich superheavy nuclei  
→ Towards a new island of stability?  
→ Spectroscopy towards Z=108

Exotic nuclei → Testing ground for theories  
From stable to weakly-bound at large asymmetry (N-Z)/A  
→ constraints on the nuclear models

How can we improve our knowledge on nuclear interactions?

Neutron-rich nuclei  
« terra incognita »

shell structure evolution  
→ Role of 3BF  
➤ neutron-skin structure  
➤ *r* astrophysical process

Weakly-bound nuclei towards the neutron drip-line, up to Z ≈ 25  
**Halo phenomena**

+ Extension of the neutron dripline  
Up to  $^{24}\text{O}$   
[ $^{31}\text{F}$ ] (Sakurai, PLB 1999)  
RIKEN / MSU  
Up to  $^{34}\text{Ne}$  (Ahn PRL 2019) [ $^{37}\text{Na}$ ]  
+ New isotopes at RIBF  
+ Shell effects at doubly magic exotic nuclei  
N = 50  $^{78}\text{Ni}$  Nature 2019  
Beyond dripline N=20  
 $^{28}\text{O}$  Nature 2023

# Relevant observables & probes?

## Interaction field between nucleus and particle probes

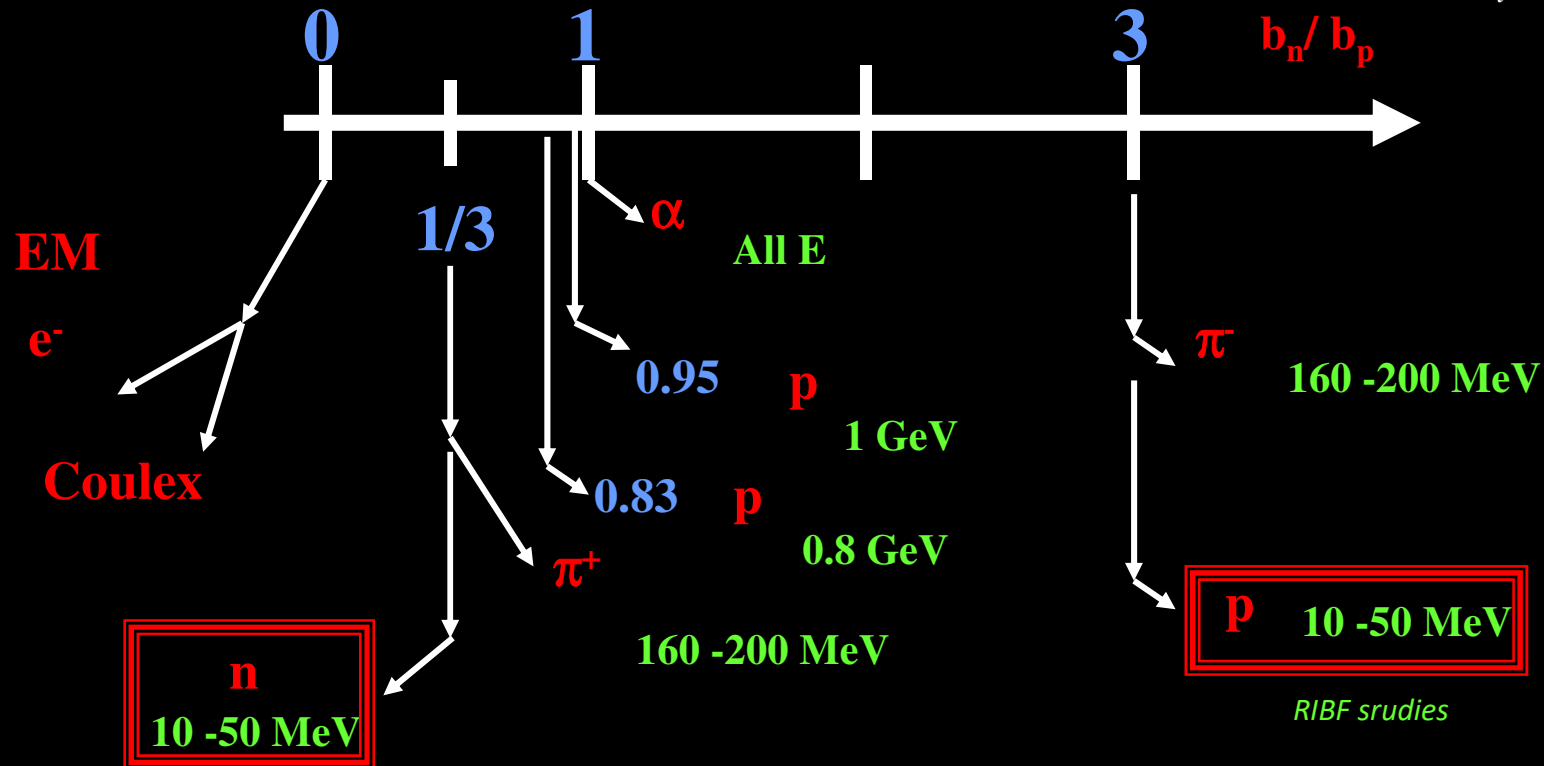
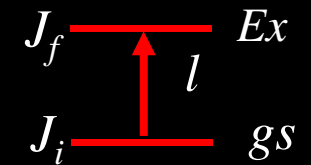
Transition multipole matrix element  $M$

$$M = b_n M_n + b_p M_p$$

Phenomenological overview

$b_{n,p}$  interaction strengths between the external field and n,p of the nucleus\*

\*  $b_n/b_p$  : A. Bernstein, V. Brown and V. Madsen, PLB 103, 255 (1981)



## Dreaming of nuclear interactions... measuring densities

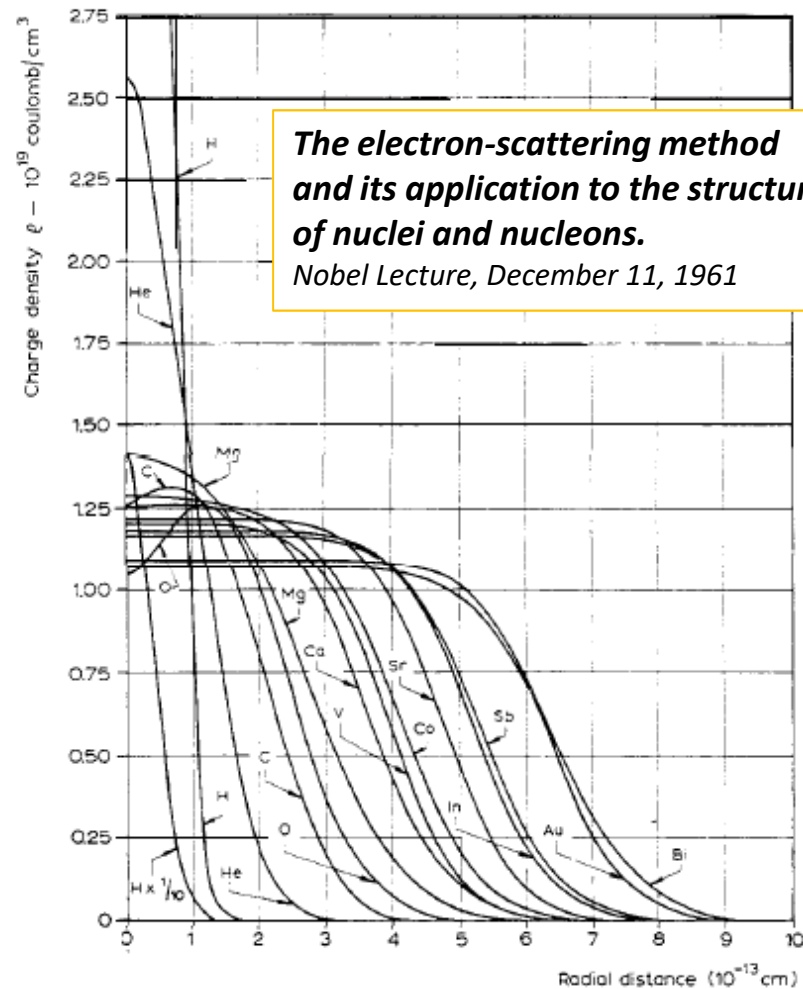
Verdi « Sometimes the progress is to look back in the past. ».

Voltaire, *Éléments de la philosophie de Newton* (1738) :  
« L'homme n'est pas fait pour connaître la nature intime des choses ;  
il peut seulement calculer, mesurer, peser et expérimenter ».



*Micromégas et le nain Saturnien  
rencontrent des Terriens*  
Micromégas de M. de Voltaire. 1778 BnF

1961 R. HOFSTADTER



# Direct Structure observables from electron –radioactive ion collisions at GANIL

Main long-standing questions of the nuclear physics – cf NuPECC 2017 Long Range Plans

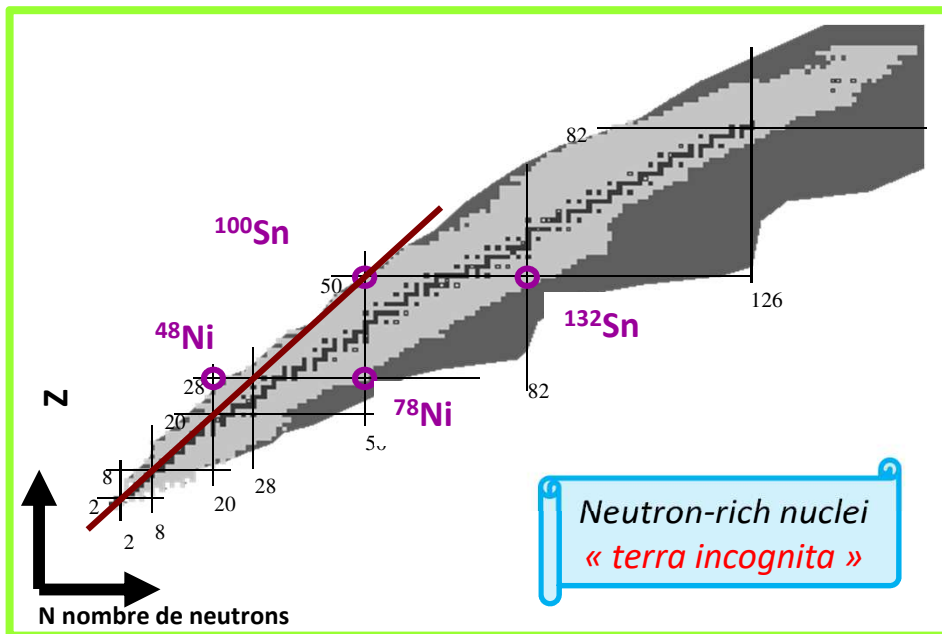
How can we improve our knowledge on nuclear interactions ?

How to understand and to model the structure of the nucleus?

Shell structure evolution? Nuclear sizes and densities?

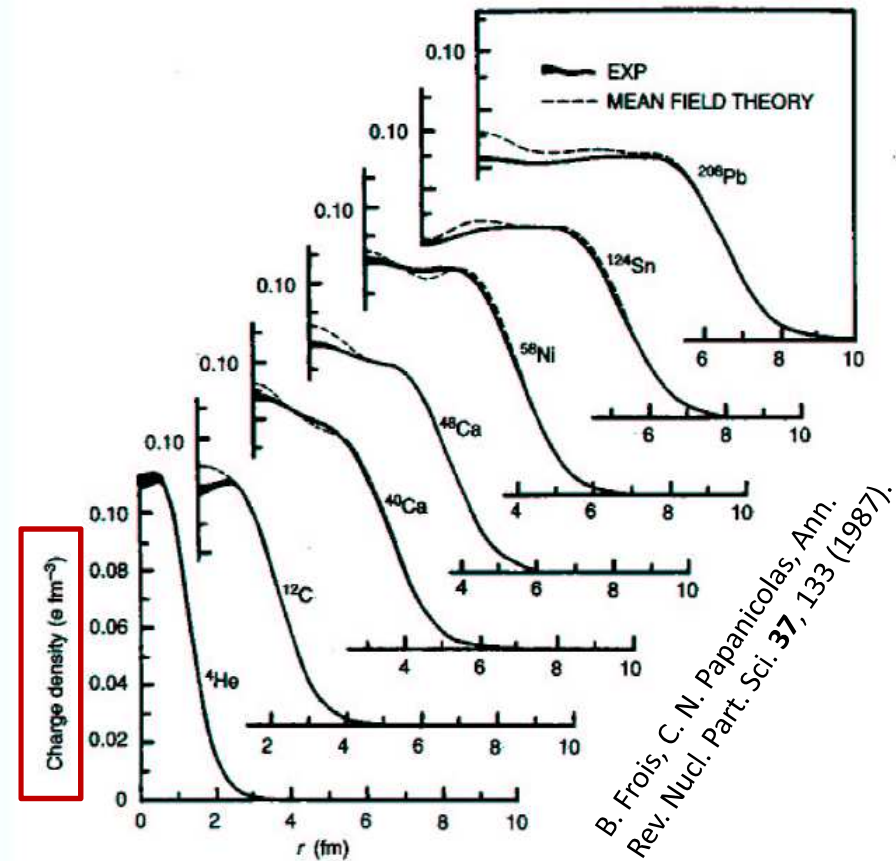
What are the (effective) interactions between nucleons inside the nucleus?

Building blocks of our knowledge on nuclei  $\rightarrow$  charge distributions  
form factors  $\rightarrow \rho_{ch}, \rho_p$



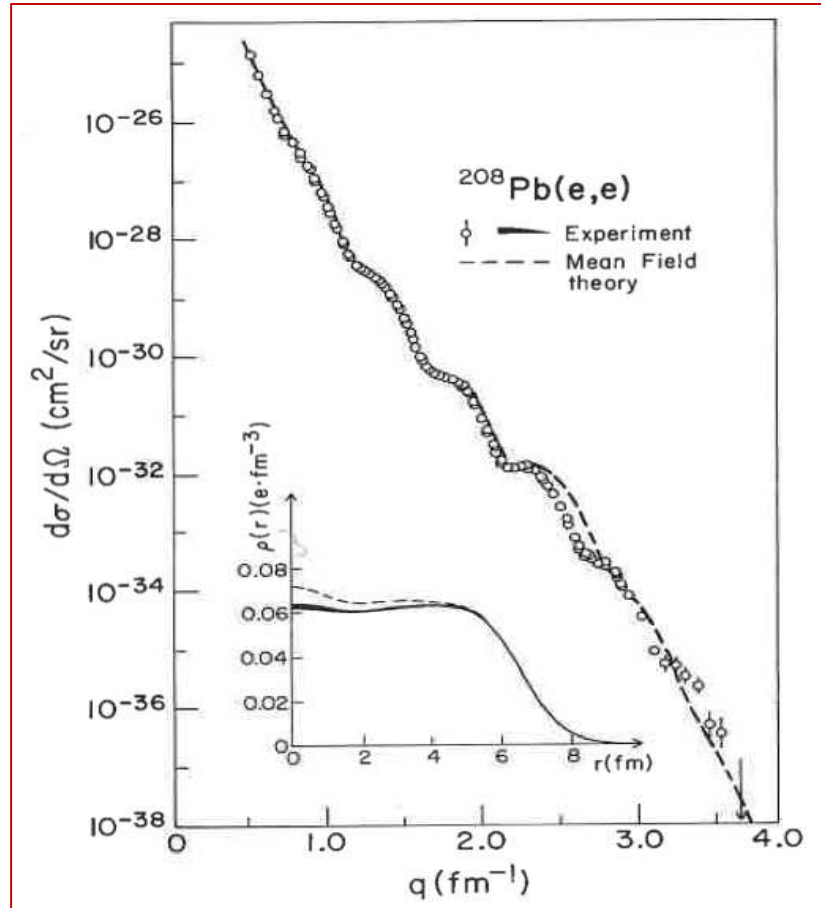
Direct comparison between experiment and theory on **observables** : nuclear densities  
 $\rightarrow$  e- RIB measurements in the 2030s?

GOAL: Proton densities for RIB via (e,e) exp.



From (e,e)  
form factors  
→  $\rho_{ch}, \rho_p$

Goals for Nuclear matter densities: charge density profiles for RI as done for stable nuclei



B. Frois, C. N. Papanicolas,  
Ann. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci. **37**, 133 (1987).

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega_{Mott}} |F(q)|^2$$

$$F(\vec{q}) = \int d^3r \rho_{ch}(\vec{r}) e^{i\vec{q}\vec{r}}$$

### Extraction of densities

(e,e) scattering observables  $\leftrightarrow$  nuclear density fit  
 + Assuming various density shapes, with parameters fitted on (e,e) data  
 + Parameterization from theory  
 + Model-independent (FB expansion,...) functions for the nuclear densities

Tables encoding knowledge on nuclear densities since the 50<sup>ies</sup> - Observables

H. De Vries, C. W. De Jager, and C. De Vries,  
 At. Data Nucl. Data Tables 36 (1987) 495-536  
*Nuclear charge density distribution parameters from electron elastic scattering*

Works by Hofstadter *et al.* (1950s)  
 $E_e \sim 150$  MeV  
 $N_{\text{beam}} \sim 1$  nA ( $\sim 10^9$  /s)  $\sim 10^{28}$  /cm<sup>2</sup>/s

## Observables, sizes and densities

(e,e) and (p,p) →  $\rho_p$  and  $\rho_m$  →  $\rho_n$

Elastic and inelastic electron scattering  
→ Determination of nuclear **charge**  
sizes and shapes

From (e,e) for stable nuclei  
form factors →  $\rho_{ch}$ ,  $\rho_p$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega_{Mott}} |F(q)|^2$$

$$F(\vec{q}) = \int d^3r \rho_{ch}(\vec{r}) e^{i\vec{q}\vec{r}}$$

**For exotic nuclei:** up to now, only  $r_{ch}$   
Few cases, cf data from laser spectroscopy  
**F(q) →  $\rho_{ch}$  ?**  
Electron-ion: **SCRIT at RIKEN**.  
On-going projects for **RI-electron collisions**:  
→ Physics cases in NuPECC LRP 2017  
→ Future e-RI colliders; Elise@FAIR...

## Back to basics

$$\rho(r) = \langle \Psi_{gs} | \delta(\vec{r} - \vec{r}') | \Psi_{gs} \rangle$$

Elastic and inelastic proton scattering  
to probe details of the densities  $\rho_m$ ,  
and to infer  $\rho_n$  properties

From (p,p)  
form factors →  $\rho_m$

$^{16-18}\text{O}(p,p)$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{m_i m_f}{(2\pi\hbar^2)^2} \frac{k_f}{k_i} \left| \langle \phi_f | V | \phi_i \rangle \right|^2$$

$$U(\rho_p, \rho_n, E_p) = \lambda_v V(\rho, E_p) + i \lambda_w W(\rho, E_p)$$

**Optical Model Potential microscopic analysis**  
 $E, \rho$  ( $\{\rho_p, \rho_n\}$ ) density-dependent nucleon-nucleus pot.  
e.g. **JLM local microscopic complex OMP**  
**from g-matrix calculations**  
 $E_p \sim 10-160$  MeV extended to 200 MeV (CEA-DAM)  
*J.P. Jeukenne, A. Lejeune, C. Mahaux, PRC 16, 80 ('77)*

**Neutron-rich RI beams (p,p) → test the validity of calculated  $\rho_p, \rho_m, \rho_n$**   
→ check possible **neutron-skin** via exp/theory comparison  
**N.B. Here, we DO NOT EXTRACT  $\rho_m$  but rm radii**

## Oxygen isotopes radii via (p,p)

observables, sizes and densities

From (e,e)  
form factors  
→  $\rho_{ch}, \rho_p$

$^{16-18}\text{O}(e,e)$

From (p,p)  
form factors  
→  $\rho_m$

$^{16-18}\text{O}(p,p)$

$^{20,22}\text{O}(p,p)$

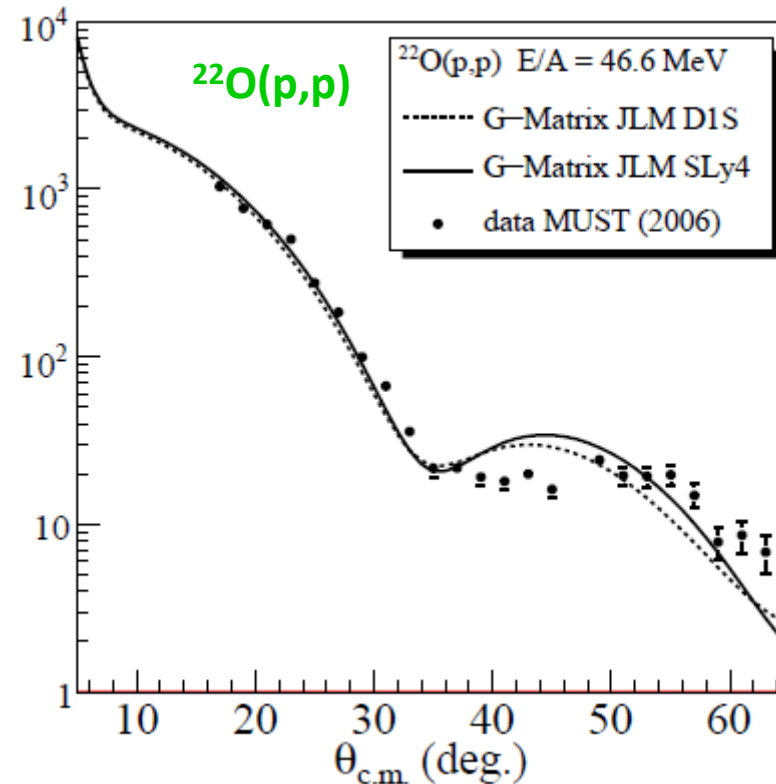
Cf (p,p) exp. methods MUST1 & 2, + calculation with microscopic OMP p + nucleus  $U(\rho, E)$  for:  $^{6,8}\text{He}(p,p)$  in EPJA 51, 91 (2015)

(p,p) scattering

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{m_i m_f}{(2\pi\hbar^2)^2} \frac{k_f}{k_i} \left| \langle \varphi_f | U | \varphi_i \rangle \right|^2$$

Proton-nucleus potential

$$U(\rho_p, \rho_n, E) = \lambda_v V + i \lambda_w W$$

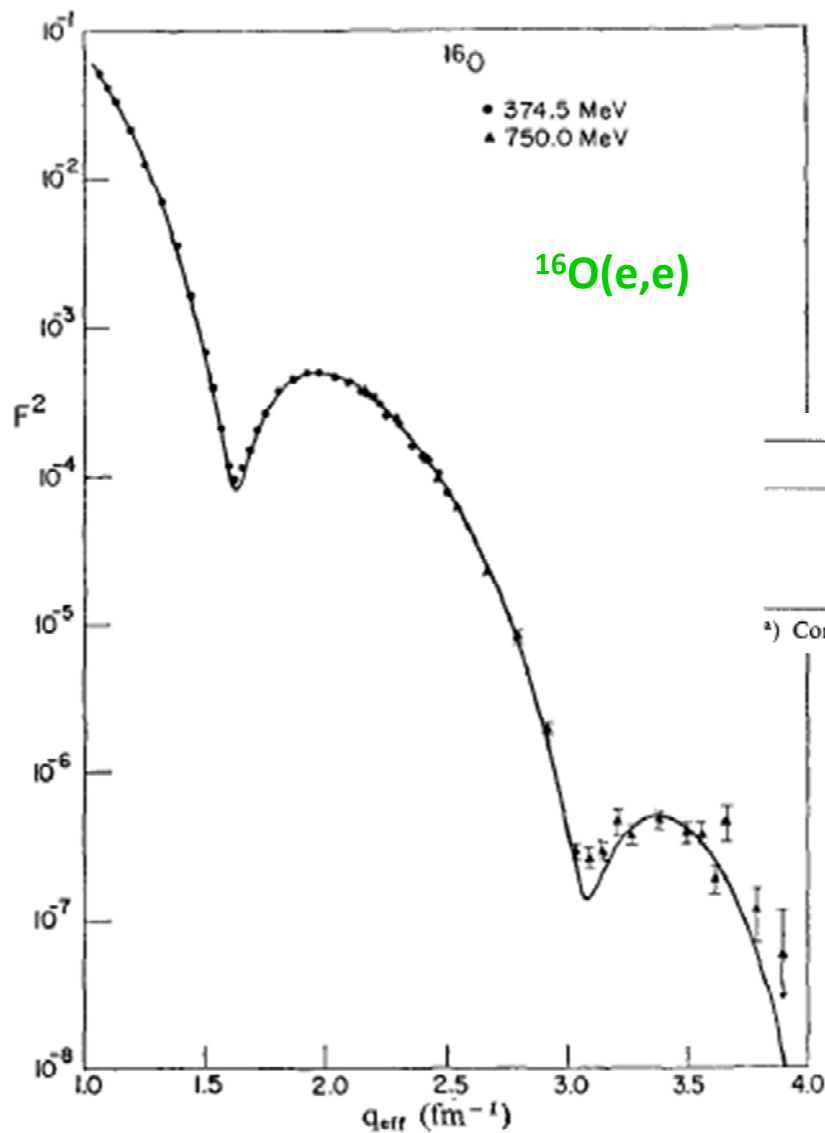


MUST data @GANIL:  $^{20}\text{O}$  PLB 490, 45 ('00) ;  
 $^{22}\text{O}$  PRL 96, 012501 ('06);  
*(p,p) JLM calc. + rms* PRL 117, 052501 (2016)

Neutron-rich RI beams  
from (p,p) scattering →  
extraction of  $r_m$ , test of  $\rho_m$



# $^{16}\text{O}(e,e)$ scattering measurements to extract charge density profiles



## ELASTIC ELECTRON SCATTERING FROM $^{12}\text{C}$ AND $^{16}\text{O}$

I. SICK and J. S. McCARTHY

High Energy Physics Laboratory, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305 †

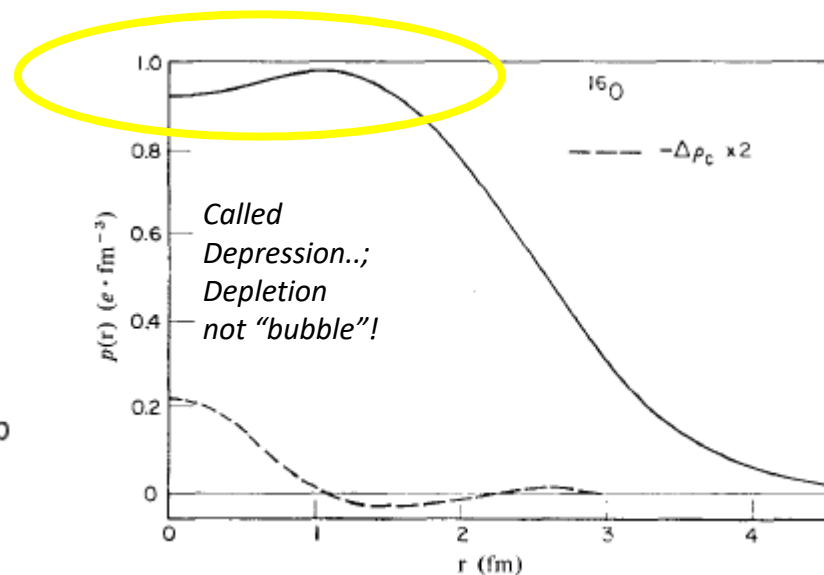
Nucl. Phys. **A 150** (1970) 631-654

$$\rho(r) \propto \frac{1 + Wr^2/C^2}{1 + \exp\left(\frac{r-C}{z}\right)}$$

rms radii

	Type	Oxygen
present exp.	high $q$	$2.73 \pm 0.025 \text{ fm}$
Benz <sup>8)</sup>	low $q$	$2.666 \pm 0.035 \text{ fm}$
Crannell <sup>5)</sup>	high $q$	$2.65 \pm 0.04 \text{ fm}^a)$

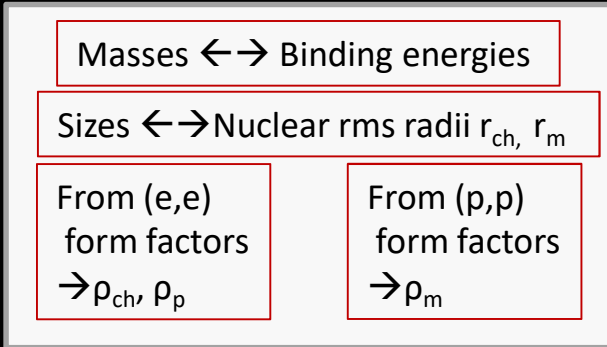
<sup>a)</sup> Computed in PWBA.



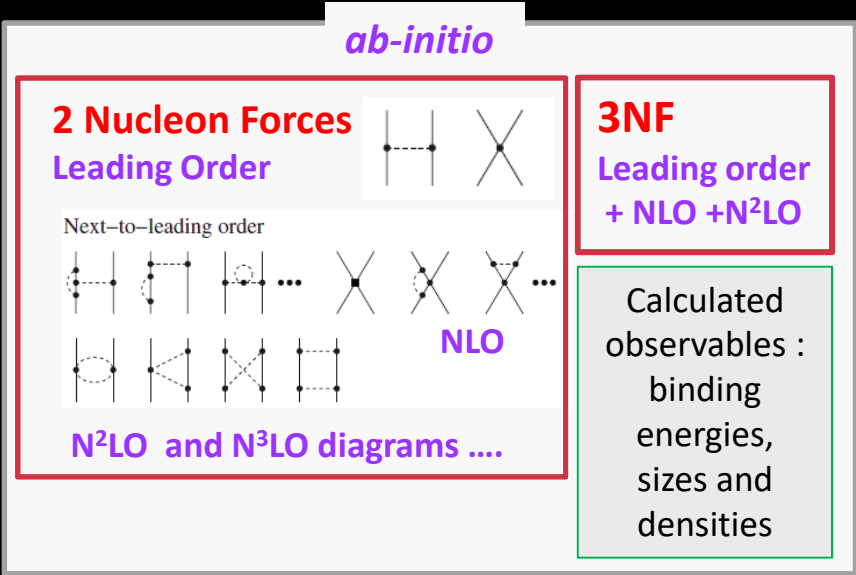
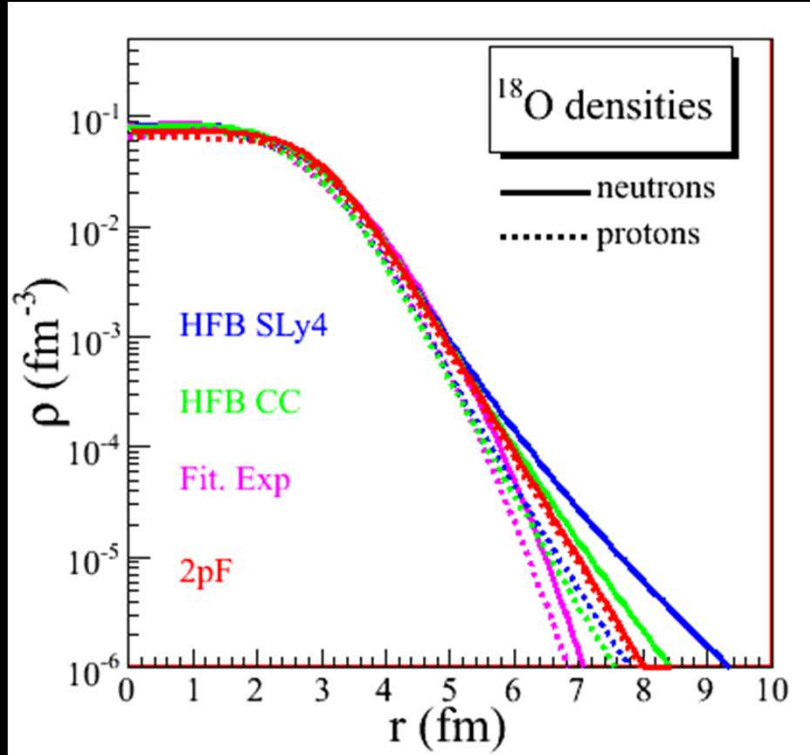
# Comparison : Experiment- *ab-initio* calculations to test interactions between nucleons

*Benchmarks of structure models & interactions?*  
*How to improve our knowledge & description?*  
*Relevant observables probes?*

Study from stable to weakly-bound nuclei  
 → constraints on the nuclear models

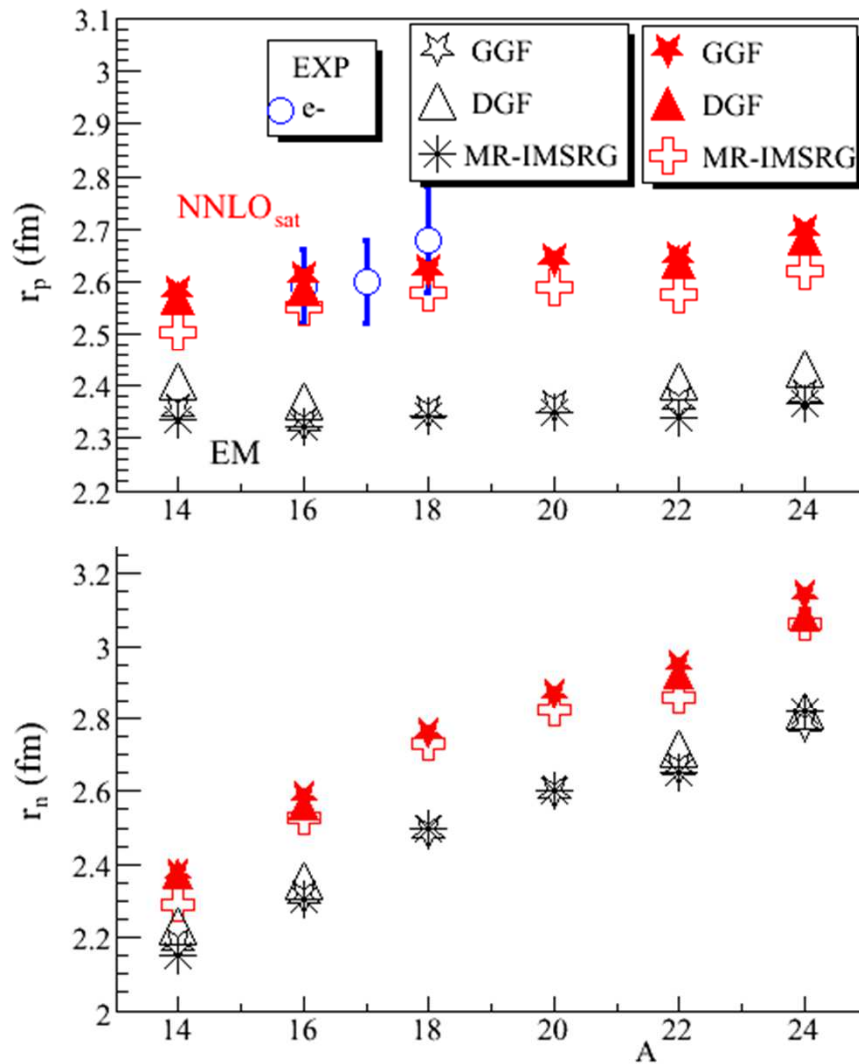


*Nuclear matter radii*  
*Nuclear densities*

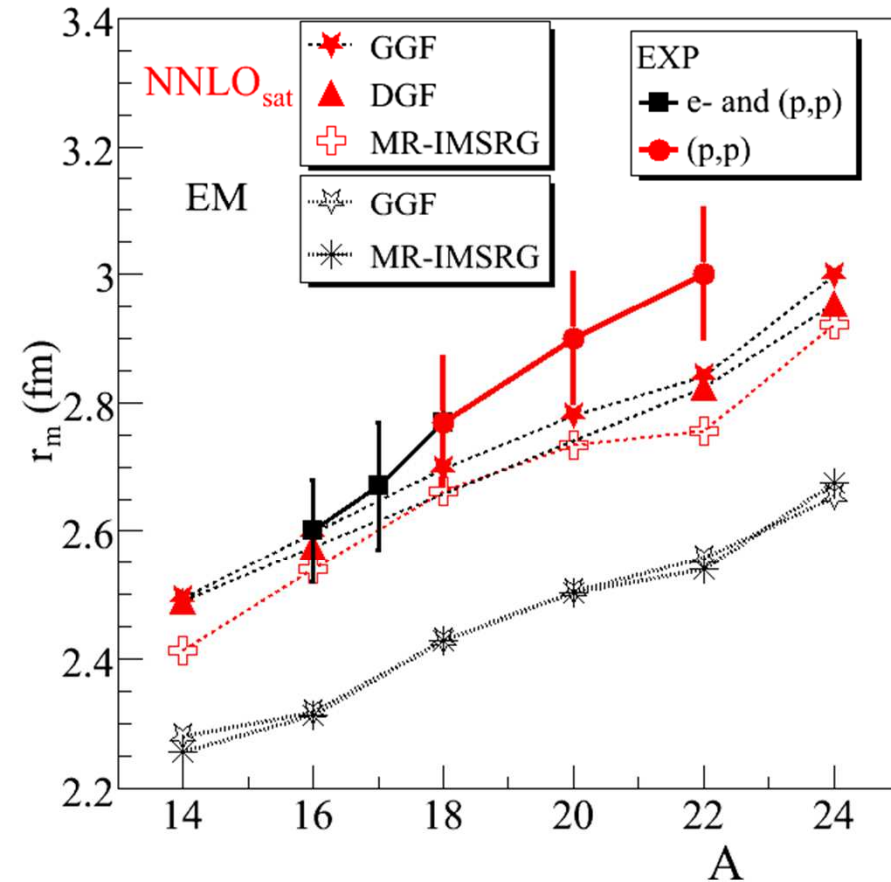


*Comparison between EXP & THEORY*  
 → *Necessary step to reach a quantitative theory approach*

## Calculated versus experimental proton, neutron and matter radii



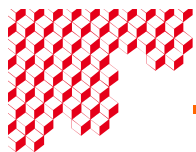
State-of-the-art *ab initio* calculations: V. Somà, C. Barbieri, H. Hergert, J.D. Holt, S.R. Stroberg



PRL **112**, 052501 (2016)  
 V. Lapoux, V. Somà, C. Barbieri,  
 H. Hergert, J.D. Holt, S.R. Stroberg

Possible explanations?  
 Missing terms in the ( $N^2LO$ ,  $N^3LO$ )  
 developments of the EFT chiral forces...

Check nuclear charge DENSITIES  
 → powerful constraints on various  
 approaches of the nuclear interactions  
 ab initio side, EDF-type, Skyrme-like...



### ACTIONS – COLLABORATIONS – STUDIES

*End of 2019* International committee Scientific council (SC) for the future of GANIL mandated by CEA & CNRS dir

*Jan. 2020* → Starting the e-RIB working group, collaboration « **electron-RIB for GANIL future** »

*16<sup>th</sup> March 2020* → **Contribution** « *Nuclear structure from electron-ion collisions* »

Main institutes : CEA Irfu, CNRS IN2P3, + **SCRIT group** +TUD, ...

*June 2020* Selection of two contributions by the SC asking for detailed reports (2 other groups formed afterwards).

**Working core group** → **Report sent Dec 2<sup>nd</sup> 2020.**

Working group report *HAL* (cea-03176547, v1)

<https://hal-cea.archives-ouvertes.fr/cea-03176547v1>

SC collected other reports in 2021. *Decision steps for GANIL future? On-going process.*

*April 2021* Letter of synthesis sent to the SC chairman with updates on the technical choices (synchrotron versus ERL)

*2022 NuPECC* The Nuclear Physics European Collaboration Committee *Long Range Plan 2024 -Community input - 30 May - 30 oct.2022*

***A unique probe for nuclear structure in a future European radioactive ion –electron collider***

<https://indico.ph.tum.de/event/7050/contributions/6314>

**2020-2023** e-RIB working groups

<https://esnt.cea.fr/Phocece/Page/index.php?id=110> [...Projet ESNT 2018/2019]

#### *The e-RIB core group*

CEA-Saclay IRFU Antoine Chancé (DACM), Valérie Lapoux (DPhN), Vittorio Somà (DPhN)

GANIL Pierre Delahaye, LPC Caen Adrien Matta and Freddy Flavigny

With collaborators from GANIL, LPC, IJCLab, CENBG, IKP.

**Experts contacted: T. Suda (Tohoku Univ) T. Wakasugi (RIKEN) and the SCRIT group**



# International context of the projects of (e,e) scattering off RI beams

Electron-RI beam facility in progress (the only one)

→ SCRIT Self-Contained Radioactive Ion Target  
at RIKEN

L limited to  $10^{28} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  for  $10^7$  trapped ions,

RI limits: long lifetimes ( $\sim 100$  ms)

Feasibility of the SCRIT concept demonstrated in 2008.

Obtained L:  $10^{27} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  with SCRIT target-like  $10^9 \text{ cm}^{-2}$   
(introducing  $10^8$  part.) & e- beam of 200 mA ( $10^{18}$  /s)

→ 2023 “First Observation of Electron Scattering from  
Online-Produced Radioactive Target”

$^{137}\text{Cs}$  L average  $\sim 0.9 \cdot 10^{26} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  for  $2 \times 10^7$  trapped ions

Alternative long-term hypothetical projects

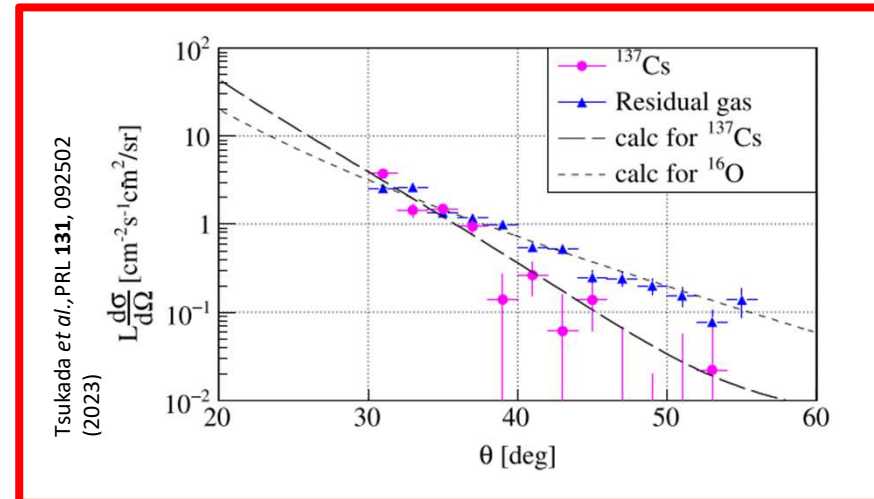
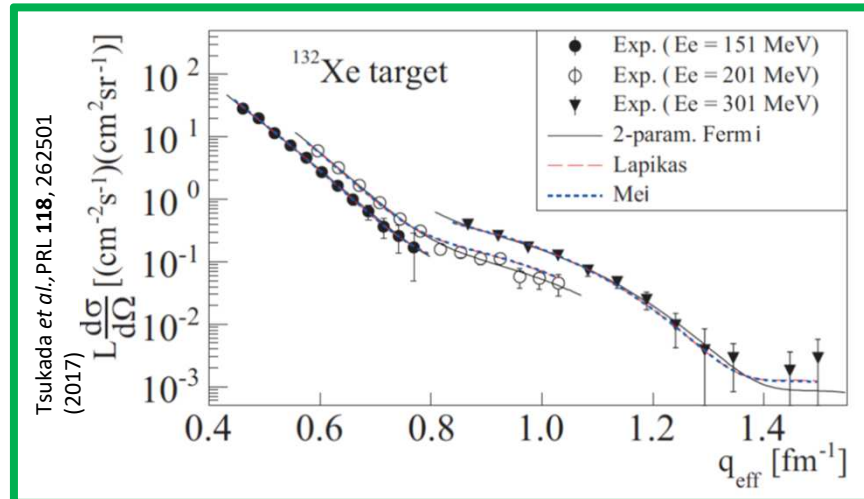
→ ELiSe FAIR  $10^{28} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ ; e beam  $10^{18}$  /s;

→  $E = 125$  to  $500$  MeV e- linac stored in the EAR.

→ Ion ring NESR  $E \sim 0.2 - 0.74$  GeV/n. Postponed

→ DERICA Dubna  $10^{28} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ ;  $E_e \sim 500$  MeV  
e- linac; Erib 300 A.MeV –not considered in the  
1<sup>st</sup> stage of the Dubna project

?EIC...JLAB (L  $10^{36}$ ; e beam  $10^{15}$  /s; target-like  $10^{21} \text{ cm}^{-2}$ )

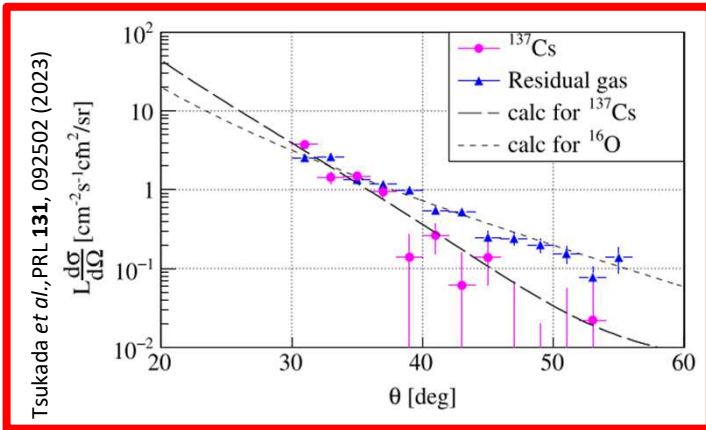


[Scrit04] M. Wakasugi, T. Suda, and Y. Yano, NIM A 532, 216 (2004).

[Scrit05] T. Suda, M. Wakasugi, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 55, 417 (2005).

[Scrit17] K. Tsukada et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 118, 262501 (2017).

## Writing to our directors about the international context of (e,e) scattering off RI beams



2<sup>nd</sup> November 2023 –writing to GANIL & IRFU & IJCLab to require (some) decision steps  
 « Les physiciens au cœur du programme de SCRIT ont été pleinement associés à nos prospectives, aussi bien dans le cadre du projet pour l'avenir du Ganil qu'à l'échelle européenne dans le cadre de la proposition soumise au comité de NuPECC pour le plan à long terme de 2024. »

### Electron-RI beam facilities

Emblematic successful unique worldwide project: SCRIT  
 2023 First RI <sup>137</sup>Cs (e,e) scattering  
<sup>137</sup>Cs L average  $\sim 0.9 \cdot 10^{26} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$   
 for  $2 \times 10^7$  trapped ions

[**Scrit23**] (Radioactive <sup>137</sup>Cs ; average  $L \sim 0.9 \cdot 10^{26} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  with around only  $2.7 \times 10^7$  trapped ions)  
 First Observation of Electron Scattering from Online-Produced Radioactive Target  
 K. Tsukada, Y. Abe, A. Enokizono, T. Goke, M. Hara, Y. Honda, T. Hori, S. Ichikawa, Y. Ito, K. Kurita, C. Legris, Y. Maehara, T. Ohnishi, R. Ogawara, T. Suda, T. Tamae, M. Wakasugi, M. Watanabe, and H. Wauke  
 Phys. Rev. Lett. **131**, 092502 (2023) <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.131.092502>

[**ScritArt**] Références des travaux de R&D et de tests SCRIT  
 "Proof of principle studies": Nucl. Instrum. Methods **A 532** (2004) 216 ; PRL **100**, 164801 (2018) ; PRL **102**, 102501 (2019).  
**SCRIT facility**: Nucl. Instrum. Methods **B 317** (2013) 668.  
 ERIS facility (photofission of U) Nucl. Instrum. Methods **B 317** (2013) 357.

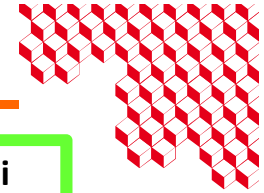
+ (Stable <sup>132</sup>Xe ; L over  $10^{27} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  with around  $10^8$  trapped target ions)  
 First Elastic Electron Scattering from <sup>132</sup>Xe at the SCRIT Facility,  
 K. Tsukada, A. Enokizono, T. Ohnishi, K. Adachi, T. Fujita, M. Hara, M. Hori, T. Hori, S. Ichikawa, K. Kurita, K. Matsuda, T. Suda, T. Tamae, M. Togasaki, M. Wakasugi, M. Watanabe, and K. Yamada, Phys. Rev. Lett. **118**, 262501 (2017)

+ (Stable <sup>133</sup>Cs ; L over  $10^{26} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  with around only  $10^6$  trapped ions)  
 First Demonstration of Electron Scattering Using a Novel Target Developed for Short-Lived Nuclei,  
 T. Suda, M. Wakasugi, T. Emoto, K. Ishii, S. Ito, K. Kurita, A. Kuwajima, A. Noda, T. Shirai, T. Tamae, H. Tongu, S. Wang, and Y. Yano, Phys. Rev. Lett. **102**, 102501 (2009)

+ (Stable <sup>133</sup>Cs ; L  $\sim 2.4 (8) \cdot 10^{26} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  with around only  $7 \times 10^6$  trapped ions)  
 Novel Internal Target for Electron Scattering off Unstable Nuclei,  
 M. Wakasugi, T. Emoto, Y. Furukawa, K. Ishii, S. Ito, T. Koseki, K. Kurita, A. Kuwajima, T. Masuda, A. Morikawa, M. Nakamura, A. Noda, T. Ohnishi, T. Shirai, T. Suda, H. Takeda, T. Tamae, H. Tongu, S. Wang, and Y. Yano,  
 Phys. Rev. Lett. **100**, 164801 (2008). <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevLett.100.164801>

[**ScritKyo**] Kyo TSUKADA (Kyoto Univ.) [https://irfu.cea.fr/Phoce/Vie\\_des\\_labos/Seminaires/index.php?id=4917](https://irfu.cea.fr/Phoce/Vie_des_labos/Seminaires/index.php?id=4917)

[**Talk23**] ESNT seminar talks <https://esnt.cea.fr/Phoce/Page/index.php?id=110>  
 En 2023 deux séminaires ont été donnés au DPHN sur les avancées des travaux du groupe SCRIT, par les physiciens qui collaborent avec ceux de RIKEN pour développer le programme expérimental.  
 15 Feb. 2023 11h-11h45 - Kyo TSUKADA (Kyoto Univ.) [Present status and future prospects of the SCRIT project](#)  
 15 Feb. 2023 11h45-12h - Hikari WAUKE (Tohoku Univ.) [Recent results of electron scattering at SCRIT facility](#)



- Goals for nuclear matter densities: charge density profiles for RI as done for stable nuclei**  
 + Scientific motivations: **nuclear charge, electromagnetic transition, magnetic current densities**  
 Background: textbook experiments on **stable nuclei** done in the 50s to 90s  
 +Pioneer program with SCRIT at RIKEN
- **Choice of a SCRIT-like project with innovative Ion Trap and [ I ~ 100-200 mA, E~500-700 MeV] electron accelerator (synchrotron)**
- *Studies of the feasible cases with RI optical conditions:*  
*(Less) constraints on the electron- ion beam Interaction vertex ion cloud size, ~0.2mm<sup>2</sup>*

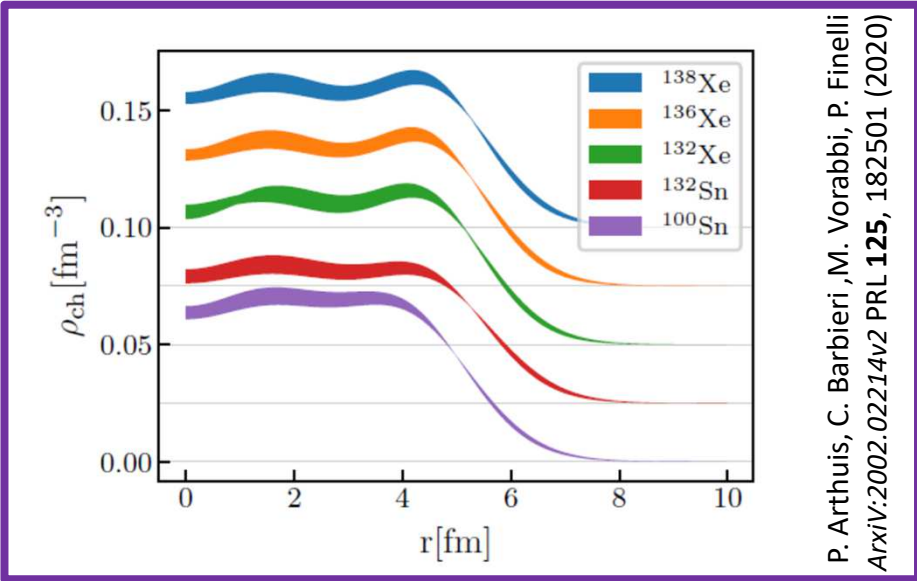
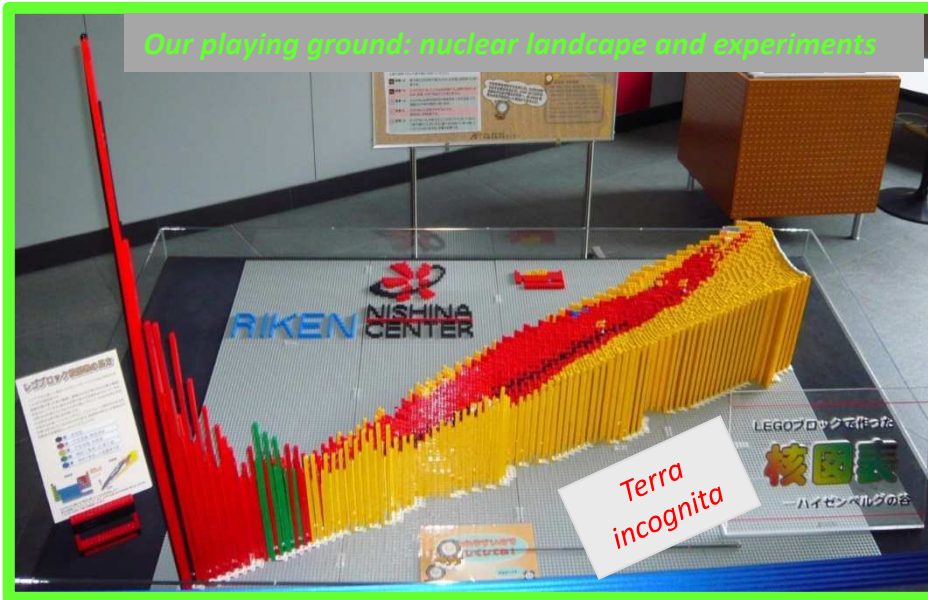
<b>Observables and quantities of interest</b>	<b>Reactions</b> <i>(q: momentum transfer)</i>	<b>Type of nucleus</b>	<b>Required luminosity L</b>
rms charge radii	<b>(e,e)</b> <i>elastic at small q</i>	Light ( $Z^2 \leq 100$ )	L: $10^{24} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
Charge density distribution with 2 parameter Fermi function (2pF) $\rho_{\text{ch}}$	<b>(e,e)</b> <i>First min. in elastic form factor</i>	Light Medium Heavy	L: $10^{28} \text{ } 10^{26} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ $10^{24}$
Charge density distribution with 3pF $\rho_{\text{ch}}$	<b>(e,e)</b> <i>2<sup>nd</sup> min. in elastic form factor</i>	Medium Heavy	L: $10^{29} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ $10^{26}$
$F_L, F_T$ Magnetic form factors → Proton, neutron transition densities <i>Direct access to neutron-skin</i>	<b>(e,e)</b> <i>2<sup>nd</sup> min. in elastic form factor</i>	Odd-even Medium Heavy	L: $10^{30} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ $10^{29}$
Energy spectra, width, strength, decays, collective excitations	<b>(e,e')</b>	Medium-Heavy	L: $10^{28-29} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
<b>Extraction of the density distribution using functionals (series of Fourier-Bessel functions ...)</b>	<b>(e,e)</b> <b>(e,e')</b>	Light Medium-Heavy	<b>(e,e) (e,e')</b> L : $10^{30-31}$ <b>(e,e) (e,e')</b> L ~ $10^{29-30}$
Spectral functions, correlations	<b>(e,e'p)</b>		$10^{30-31} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

# Program for nuclear densities at GANIL

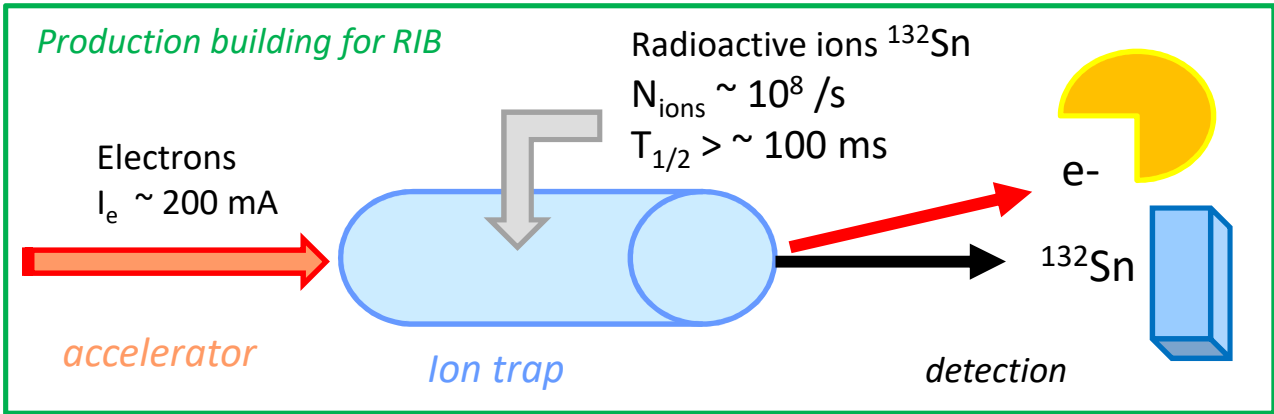
Building blocks of our knowledge on nuclei

Nuclear densities

Measure nuclear density observables  
Benchmark of nuclear interactions  
Data tables & constraint on theories



P. Arthuis, C. Barbieri, M. Vorabbi, P. Finelli  
Arxiv:2002.02214v2 PRL 125, 182501 (2020)



In the context of "GANIL future"

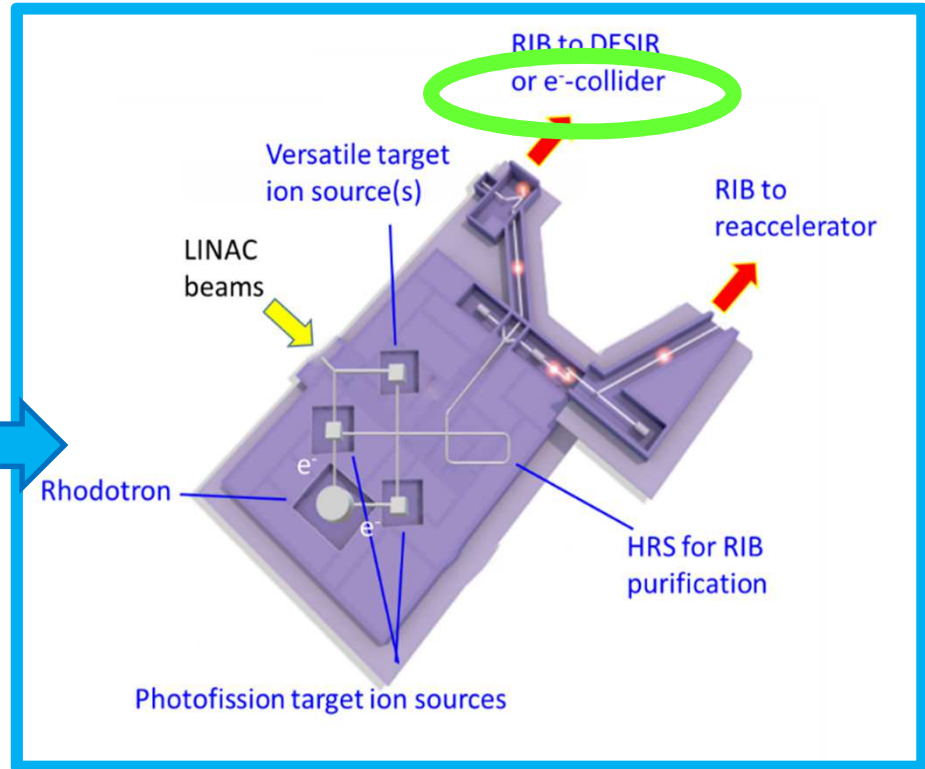
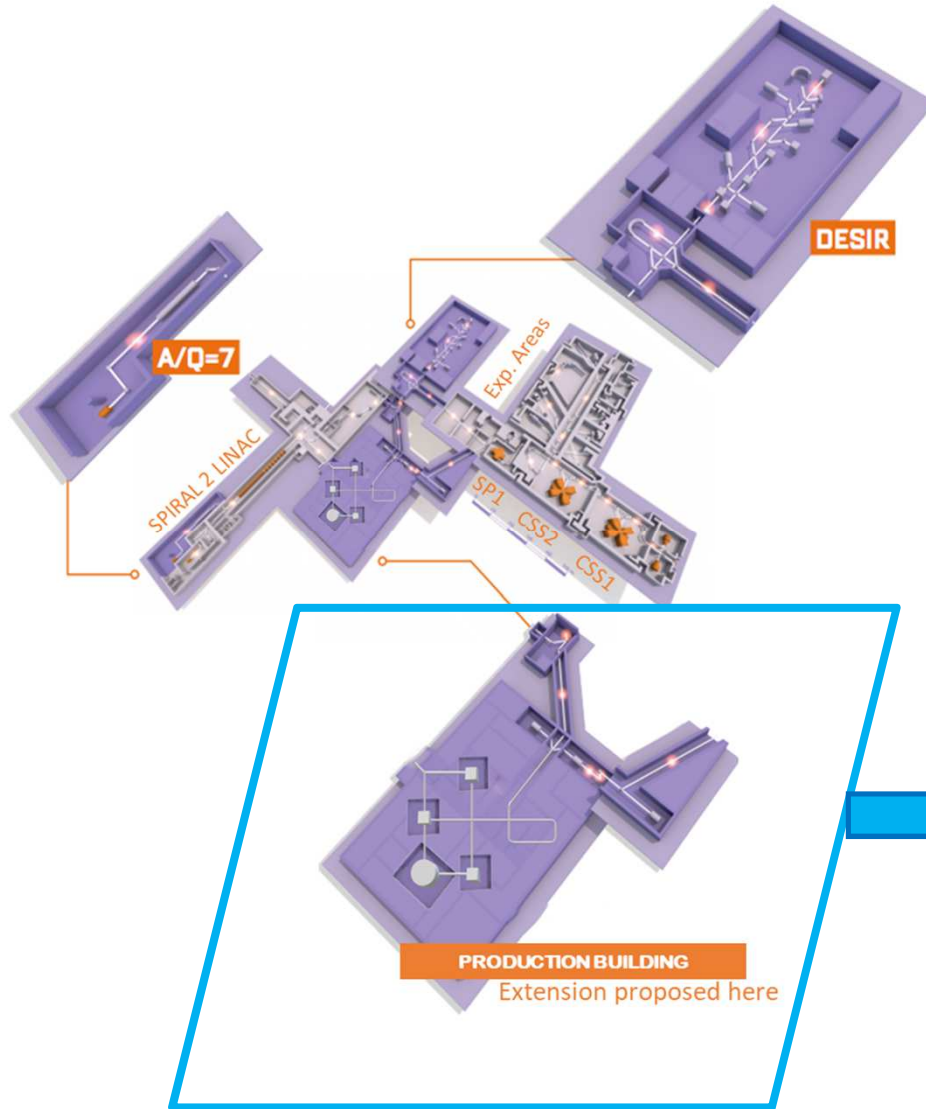
- Spirit of the project
- Nuclear density observables via (e,e) & (p,p) programs
- Renewal of the RIB physics
- Focusing on questions related to the tests of nuclear interactions
- Identify the "feasible" cases



**A multi-user facility**

A production building with several production caves  
 ISOL / gas cell with dedicated driver to complement the LINAC

- Fusion and transfer reactions with the LINAC beams (including A/Q=7)
- Photofission or light particle induced fission (p,d,  $^3\text{He}/^4\text{He}$ ): up to  $\sim 10^{13}$  fissions/s



HAL CEA (cea-03176547)

# GANIL beams

All production modes:  
 SPIRAL1, LINAC, S3 MNT  
 (or tentative project SPIRAL2)



<https://u.ganil-spiral2.eu/chartbeams>

GANIL  
 Spiral2

Z/Elem. Symbol

A  
 X  
 Z

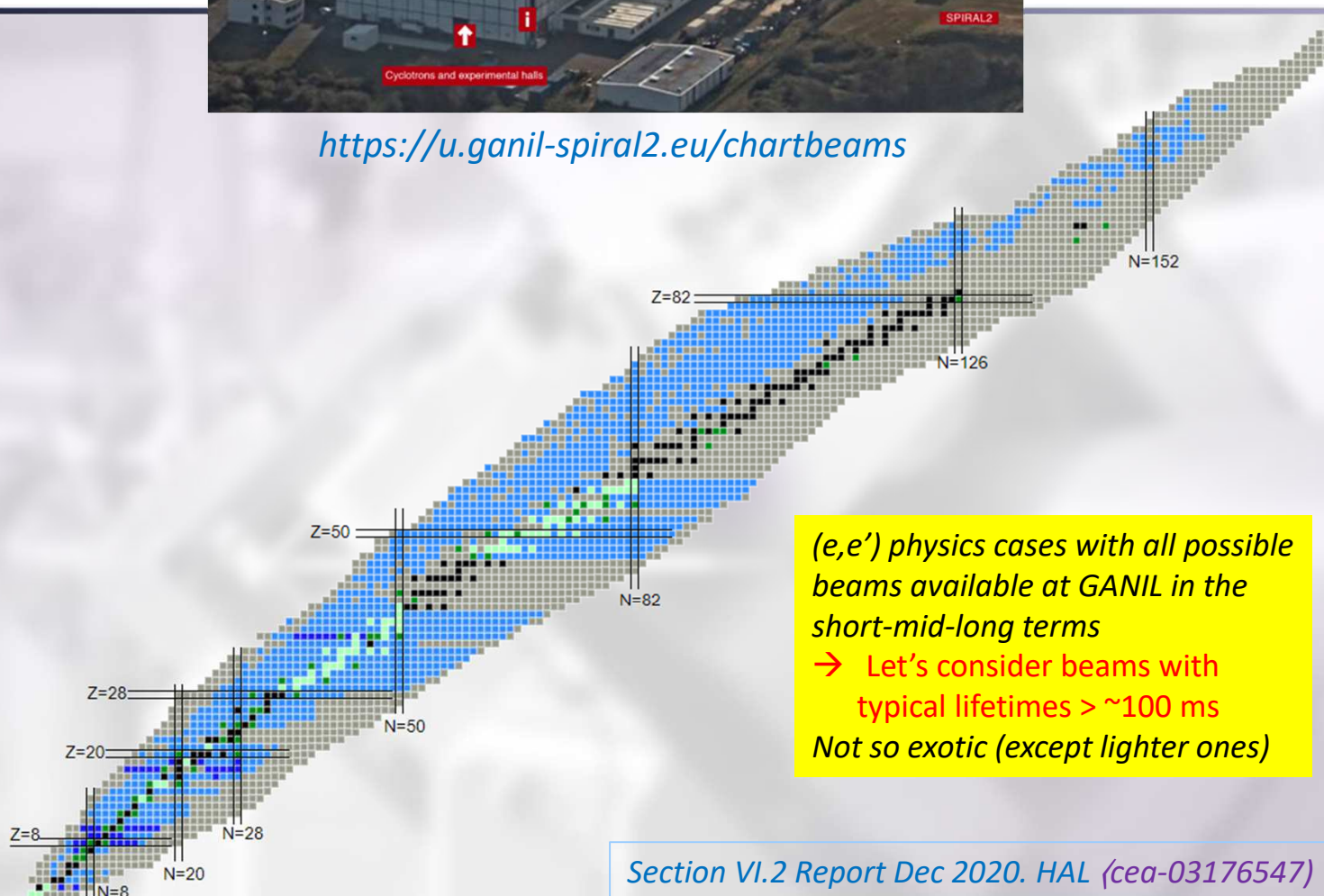
All facilities  
 Stable ions facilities  
 Cyclotrons  
 LINAC  
 Radioactive ions facilities  
 SPIRAL1  
 S3  
 SPIRAL2-Phase2-50kW

Stable    Radioactive

Produced    ■  
 To Be Produced    ■  
 Not Produced (yet)    ■

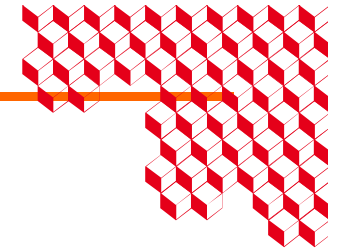
Help    Contact  
 @Chartbeams

Version 1.1 - 2016-05-23  
 Data update : 2024-04-29



*(e,e')* physics cases with all possible beams available at GANIL in the short-mid-long terms  
 → Let's consider beams with typical lifetimes > ~100 ms  
 Not so exotic (except lighter ones)

Section VI.2 Report Dec 2020. HAL (cea-03176547)

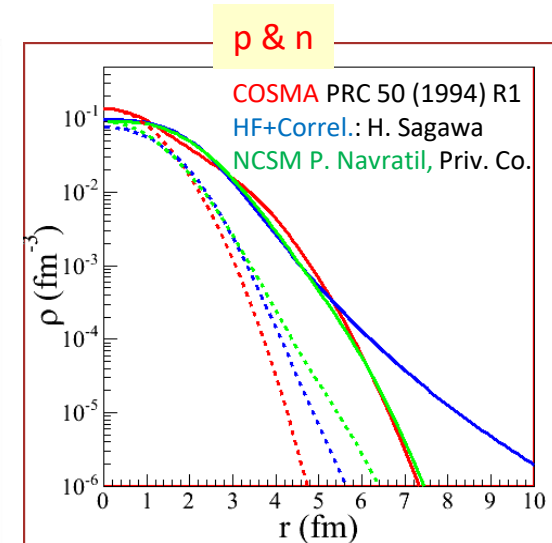


Examples of First Day experiments of the e-RIB machine at GANIL  
 with the existing/ present SPIRAL1 beams  
*Not so exotic except very light RIB*  
*-typical RI lifetimes >~ 100 ms, better test cases with I ~ 10<sup>8</sup> part/s*

In the spirit of the project → Nuclear density observables & tests of nuclear interactions

(e,e) experiments (with sensitivity to the shape of the density)

Kr Z = 36	<sup>74</sup> Kr 11.5min > 1.5 · 10 <sup>6</sup> /s	<sup>76</sup> Kr 14.8h > 4 · 10 <sup>7</sup> /s	2pF par from (e,e) up to 2.5 fm <sup>-1</sup> with I ~ 10 <sup>7</sup>
Ar Z = 18	<sup>44</sup> Ar 11.87 min > 10 <sup>6</sup> /s <sup>45</sup> Ar 21.5 s > 8 · 10 <sup>5</sup> /s	<sup>46</sup> Ar N= 28 8.4 s > 10 <sup>5</sup> /s	
Mg Z = 12	<sup>23</sup> Mg 11.3 sec 2 · 10 <sup>8</sup>		Form factors from (e,e) q ~ 0.5-3 fm <sup>-1</sup> with I ~ 10 <sup>8</sup>
Ne Z = 10	<sup>18</sup> Ne 1.7 sec 1.7 x 10 <sup>7</sup> /s	<sup>19</sup> Ne 17.3 sec 1.5 x 10 <sup>8</sup> /s	
O Z = 8	<sup>14</sup> O 70 s 10 <sup>7</sup> /s	<sup>22</sup> O 2.25 s <sup>21</sup> O 3.4 s <sup>20</sup> O 13.5 s <sup>19</sup> O 2.4 s Yields to be studied	
He Z = 2	<sup>6</sup> He 806 ms 2 x 10 <sup>8</sup> /s (5 x 10 <sup>7</sup> )	<sup>8</sup> He 119 ms 10 <sup>5</sup> /s	

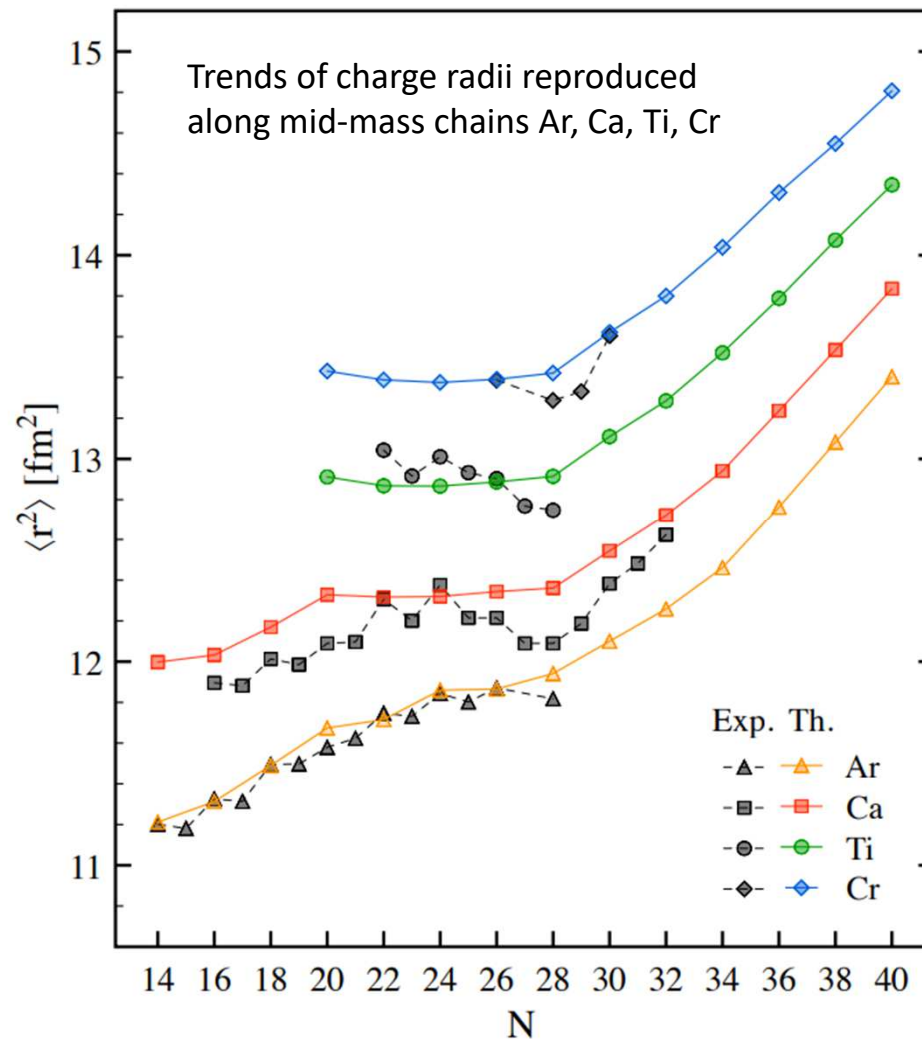
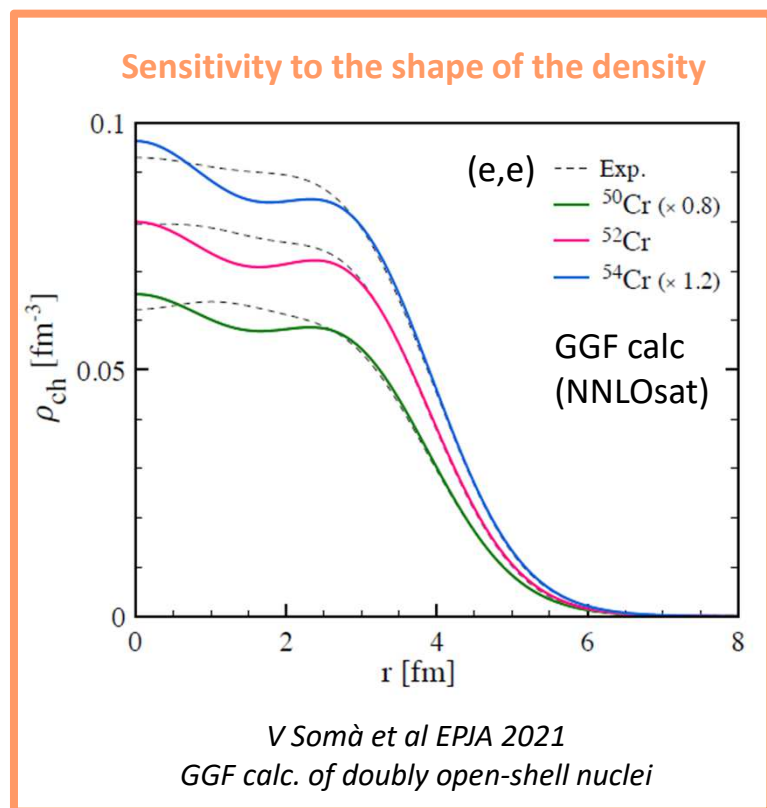


Test of nuclear density models for <sup>6,8</sup>He via proton target reactions  
 Eur. Phys. J. A (2015) 51: 91

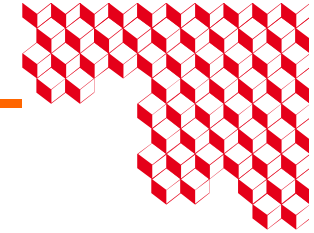
Table VI.1.D - 2020 report HAL (cea-03176547)

## Direct Structure observables

*Example of structure calculations*  
 V. Somà, C. Barbieri, T. Duguet, *et al.*  
*Moving away from singly-magic nuclei*  
*with Gorkov Green's function theory.*  
 Eur. Phys. J. A **57**, 135 (2021).



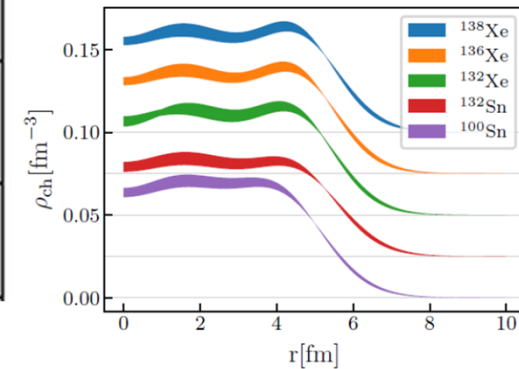
# Physics program



Examples and test cases with foreseen or prospective production modes of RIBs  
 – mid and long-term plans - **Beam T > ~ 100 ms**  
 + *LEBd* for *LEB DESIR* (postAcc for post-acceleration yields) and *PhF* for photofission;  
 + isotopes produced via *S3-LEB* or *MNT* techniques

<b>Sn</b> Z=50	<sup>104</sup> Sn 20.8 s 10 <sup>5</sup> /s	<sup>130</sup> Sn 3.72 min > 10 <sup>9</sup> /s (LEBd) (PhF)	<sup>132</sup> Sn N=82 39.7s 9 x 10 <sup>8</sup> /s (LEBd) 3·10 <sup>9</sup> /s (PhF)	<sup>134</sup> Sn 1.05 s 3 x 10 <sup>6</sup> /s (LEBd) > 10 <sup>7</sup> /s (PhF)
	<sup>108</sup> Sn 10.3 min 5 x 10 <sup>5</sup> /s	<sup>131</sup> Sn 56.0 s	<sup>133</sup> Sn 1.45s	<sup>135</sup> Sn 530 ms
<b>Kr</b> Z=36	<sup>90</sup> Kr N=54 32.3 s 6.4 x 10 <sup>8</sup> /s > 10 <sup>9</sup> /s (PhF)	<sup>92</sup> Kr 1.84 s 2.6 x 10 <sup>8</sup> /s > 10 <sup>9</sup> /s (PhF)	<sup>94</sup> Kr 212 ms 1.2 x 10 <sup>7</sup> /s > 10 <sup>9</sup> /s (PhF)	<sup>96</sup> Kr N=60 80 ms ~5·10 <sup>9</sup> /s (PhF)
	<sup>84</sup> Se N=50 3.1 min (LEBd) 9.5 x 10 <sup>7</sup> /s (postAcc 1.2 x 10 <sup>6</sup> )	<sup>86</sup> Se 14.3 s (LEBd) 3.1x10 <sup>7</sup> /s (postAcc 3.9 x 10 <sup>5</sup> )	<sup>88</sup> Se N=54 1.5 s	

Elastic scattering on mid-heavy neutron-rich nuclei to measure charge distributions

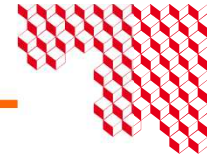


PRL 125, 182501 (2020)

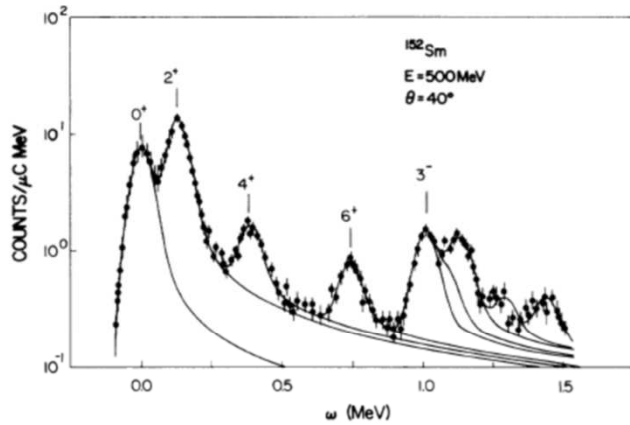
<b>Am Z=95</b> <sup>239</sup> Am N=144 11.9 h 2·10 <sup>5</sup> /s (S3-LEB)	<b>Bk Z=97</b> <sup>248</sup> Bk N=151 > 9 y 3.3·10 <sup>5</sup> /s (MNT)	<b>Ra Z=88</b> <sup>214</sup> Ra N=126 2.44 sec 6.3·10 <sup>9</sup> /s (MNT)
<b>Sm</b> Z=62 <sup>160</sup> Sm N=98 9.6sec (?S3-LEB)	<sup>162</sup> Sm N=100 9.6 sec	<sup>164</sup> Sm N=102 1.43s
<b>Cs Z=55</b> <sup>118</sup> Cs N=63 14 sec 3·10 <sup>6</sup> /s (S3-LEB)	<b>Xe Z=54</b> <sup>116</sup> Xe N=62 59 s 1.2 x 10 <sup>5</sup> /s	<b>Te Z=52</b> <sup>112</sup> Te N= 60 2 min 3.4 x 10 <sup>5</sup> /s

Nuclear studies of charge densities and of alpha cluster states in the neutron-rich isotopes.

Tables - 2020 report HAL (cea-03176547)

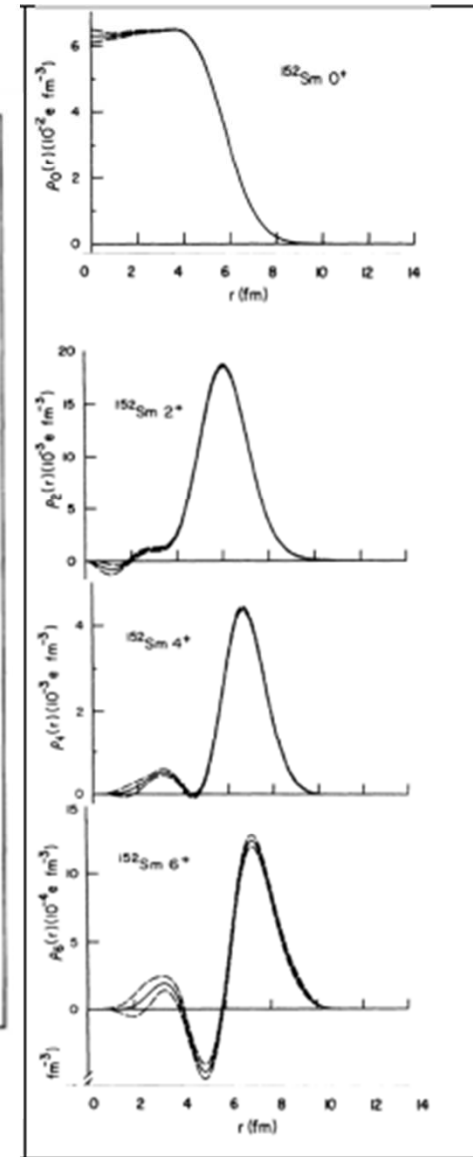
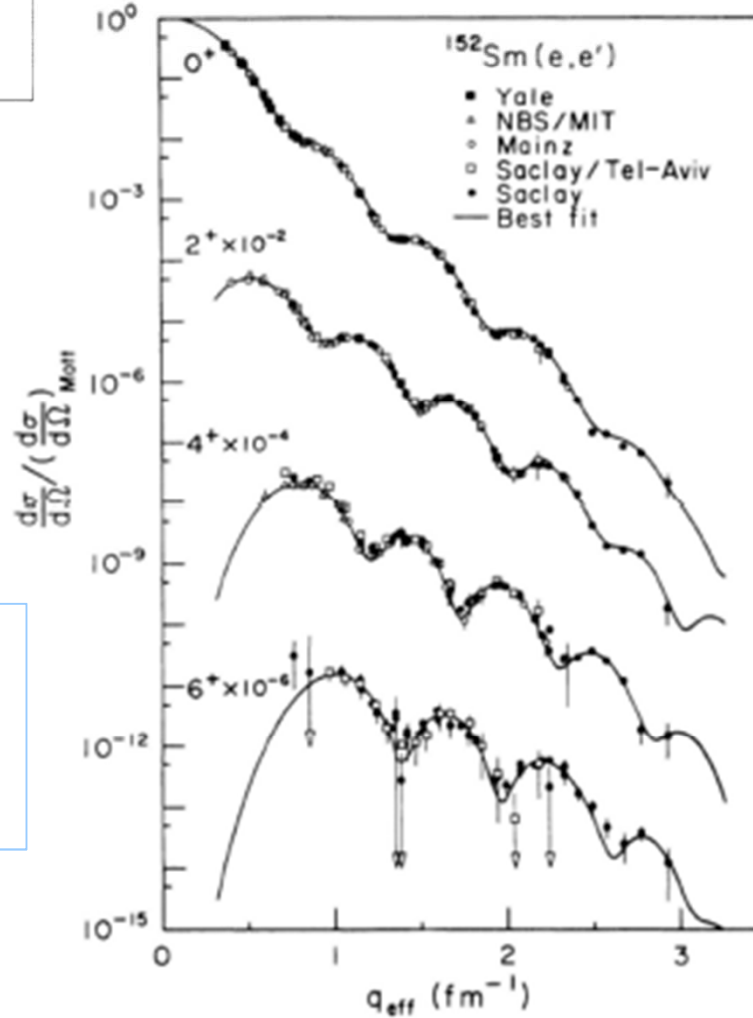


# Transition densities & gs rotational bands



- $^{152}\text{Sm}$  0+ gs**
- $2^+$**  121.7818 keV 1.403 ns
- $4^+$**  366.4793 9 57.7 ps
- $0^+$**  684.751 21 6.10 ps
- $6^+$**  706.928 17
- $2^+$**  810.453 5
- $3^-$**  1041.122 4

*$^{152}\text{Sm}$  (e,e) spectroscopic studies  
Text book case: X.H. Phan et al.,  
Electron scattering studies of the  
ground state rotational band of  
 $^{152}\text{Sm}$ , Phys. Rev. C **38**, 1173 (1988).*



NEXT WITH SCRIT?  $^{154}\text{Sm}$  deformation issues → T. Otsuka's talk

## Direct structure observables via (e,e) and (p,p) programs with RIBs

GOAL: proton densities and rm matter radii by combining (e,e) ( $\rho_{ch} \rightarrow \rho_p$ ) and (p,p) data ( $\rightarrow r_m$ )

N.B. Suda-san et al. : PTP about 4<sup>th</sup> momentum of the  $\rho_{ch}$  from (e,e)  $\rightarrow$  reaching  $r_n$

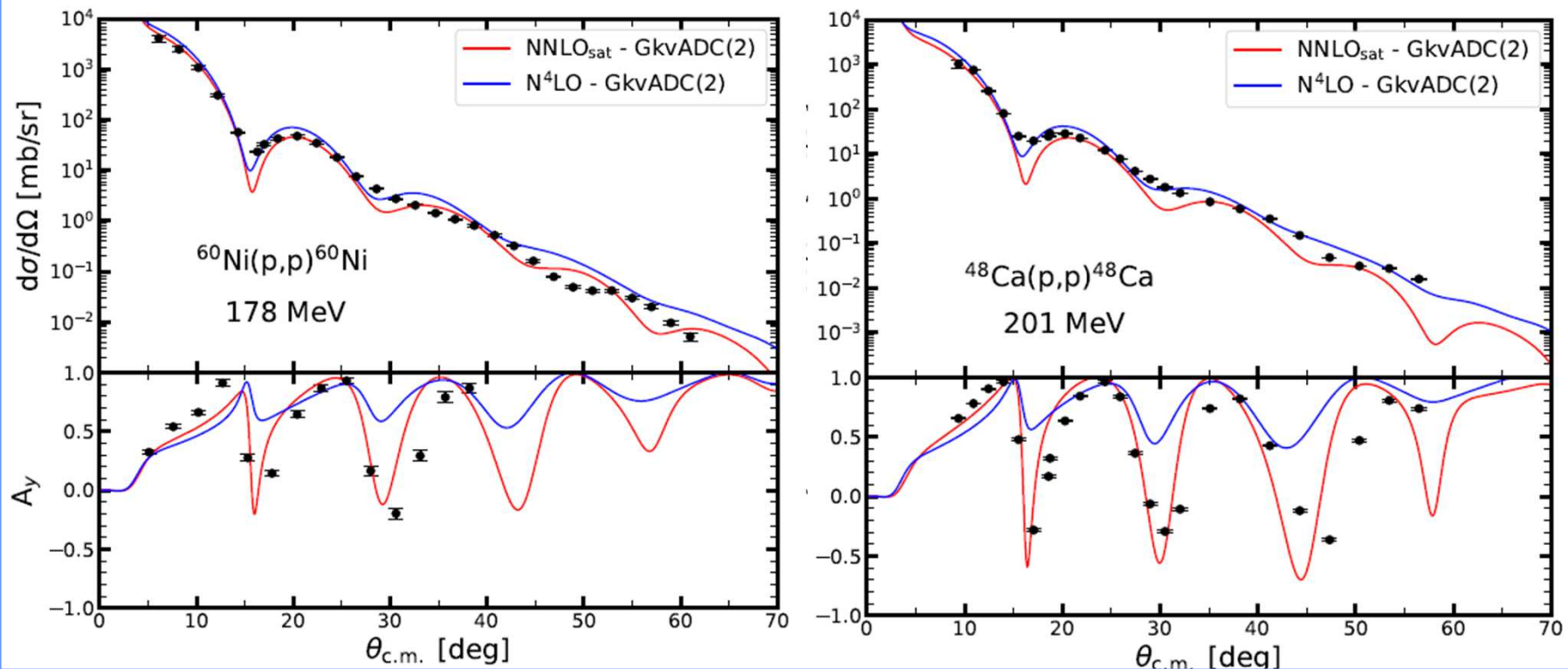
H. Kurasawa and T. Suzuki, Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys. 2019, 113D01 doi:10.1093/ptep/ptz121

H. Kurasawa, T. Suda and T. Suzuki, PTEP, 2021, 013D02 doi:10.1093/ptep/ptaa177

(p,p) data  $\rightarrow r_m$  + density profile tests using state-of-the-art *ab initio* structure-reaction approaches

Microscopic optical potentials for medium-mass isotopes derived at the first order of the Watson multiple scattering theory

M. Vorabbi, C. Barbieri, V. Somà, P. Finelli, and C. Giusti arXiv:2309.04226v2 21 Mar 2024



(p,p) exp at RIKEN for OMP studies  $\rightarrow$  TRIP/MESA program by H. Baba et al. - during 9 years from FY2023

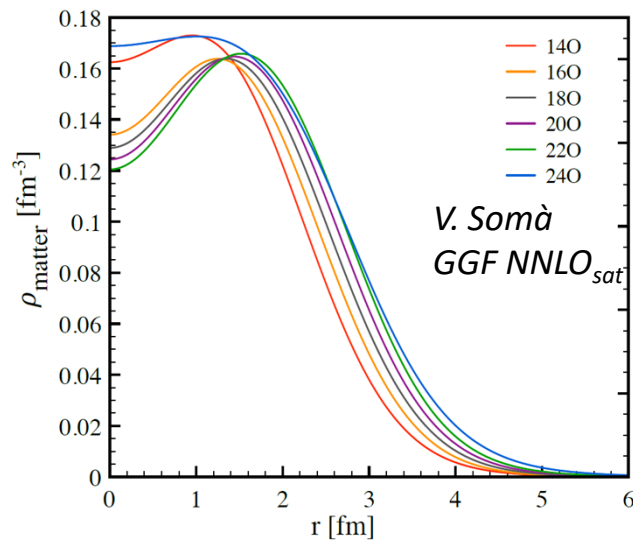
$\rightarrow$  Check possible extraction of rms matter radii for near-stability radioactive isotopes (e.g. Ti, Ni)

## Direct Structure observables –exp-theory comparison on (e,e) & (p,p)

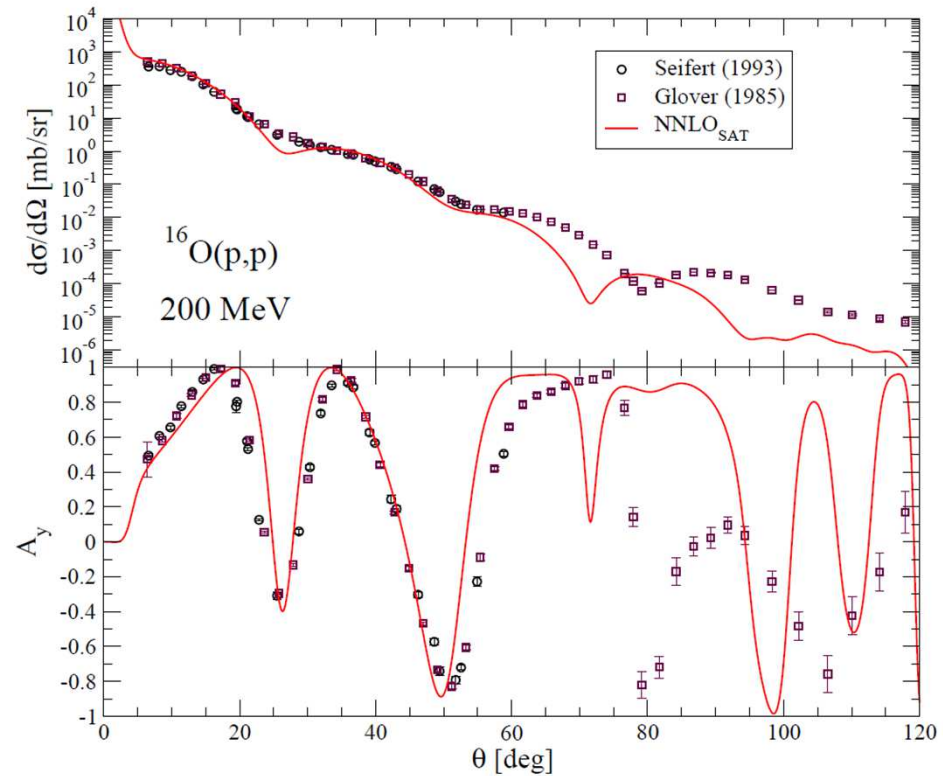
*GOAL: improve our knowledge on the interactions using (e,e) and (p,p) combined analysis for proton & matter nuclear densities*

*N.B. Golden age of the ab initio calculations possibly extrapolated to main regions of the nuclear chart  
Robust approach done on systematical basis with uncertainty propagation associated to the results  
→ Cf P. Arthuis's talk*

**+ Reaction framework of the (p,p) elastic scattering + extraction of the  $r_m$   
& test of nuclear matter densities using state-of-the-art OMP analysis**

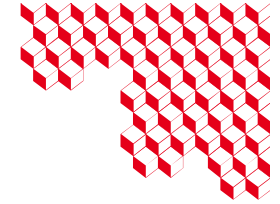


→ Same for RI beams  
Long term perspectives (2030-2045)  
From nuclear size to density profiles  
→ Nuclear database





# Electron-RI project at GANIL: summary & perspectives



OBSERVABLES OF NUCLEAR DENSITIES → DATA TABLES  
→ Direct comparison to nuclear theories

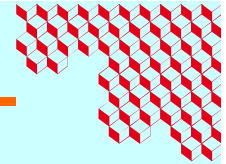


Precise and extended physics cases  
→ Femtoscope project - eRIB at Ganil<sup>2</sup>  
Electron scattering on *radioactive ions* at GANIL<sup>2</sup>  
Grand Accélérateur National d'Ions Lourds  
et de Leptons  
Not so exotic -typical RI lifetimes >~ 100 ms  
→ SCRIT-inspired project ←

**Pathway to new observables at GANIL** - R&D & collaborative works - step by step, to 2035-2040  
2020-2024 Exploration works by the e-RIB core group (CEA-Irfu, GANIL, LPC Caen, IJCLab)  
→ Strong physics cases extensively defined - taking advantage of the **variety of present (SPIRAL1,...) future beams**  
→ Benefiting from discussions with the SCRIT-Riken-Tohoku group  
Building blocks & strategy –not (yet) in the conceptual design report phase!  
–redefining teams (to be reinforced) & agenda  
**Electron accelerator** of synchrotron type (DACM design): no technical issue.  
Beam tests → see with IJCLab prototype accelerator  
**Ion trap device** Main issues: building a SCRIT-like demonstrator at  $L \sim 10^{28} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  for GANIL... at GANIL?  
From  $L \sim 10^{28-29} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  to  $10^{30-31} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$   
→ **Concept of ion recirculation in the trap** (P. Delahaye et al.): needs for simulations, benchmark tests, demonstrator  
→ On going - need to build a task force GANIL- IRFU-IJCLab-LPC Caen & to gather expertise  
→ We need SCRIT group experience and help during all the (future) R&D for eRIB at GANIL



LEES 2024  
28 Oct-1 Nov.



Address via (e,e) with RIB the main (long-standing) questions of the nuclear physics

- + Shapes and deformation from (e,e') (stable) and Coulex (RI)
- + Shell structure from hadronic probes (transfer)

## SPRING Scientific heritage of (e,e')

- Hofstadter period: Stanford univ., ALS (CEA Saclay) Mainz
- Database of nuclear densities + spectroscopy via (e,e')

→ Yukawa's spirit: vision of the nuclear interaction

## SUMMER Radioactive ion physics

Nuclear physics questions at the extremes  
Hadronic probes

- the nuclear interaction & potentials?

**Light exotic nuclei**

**Neutron-halo or skin structures**

**Resonances**

**Interaction potentials**

**Microscopic OM potential**

**rms matter radii via (p,p) scattering**



## AUTUMN Low-Energy Electron Scattering for Radioactive Nuclei

Goals

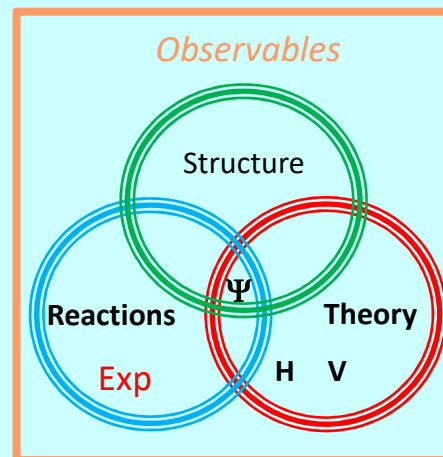
OBSERVABLES OF NUCLEAR DENSITIES

for RI as done for stable nuclei

→ DATA TABLES

- Direct comparison to nuclear theories
- Testing ground for effective & state-of-the-art nuclear *ab initio* interactions

*Towards main advances in the knowledge & improvement of nuclear interactions*



## Electron-RIB groups

### *The-RIB group (CEA-Irfu, GANIL, LPC Caen, IJCLab)*

CEA-Saclay IRFU - Antoine Chancé (DACM), Vittorio Somà (DPhN), Valérie Lapoux (DPhN)

GANIL - Pierre Delahaye ; LPC Caen – Adrien Matta, Freddy Flavigny *et al.*

→ SCRIT-Riken-Tohoku group T. Suda, M. Wakasugi

*Collaboration "Electron scattering on radioactive ions at GANIL"*

[Research Report] 1<sup>st</sup> Dec. 2020 Hal-CEA. (cea-03176547, v1)

<https://hal-cea.archives-ouvertes.fr/cea-04062929>

Contribution to the NuPECC Long Range Plan (LRP) 2024

for Nuclear Physics in Europe - 29 September 2022

<https://indico.ph.tum.de/event/7050/contributions/6314>

*A unique probe for nuclear structure in a future European radioactive ion –electron collider*

### **Authors and main contributors for the electron-ion project**

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IJCLab. [verney@ijclab.in2p3.fr](mailto:verney@ijclab.in2p3.fr)



irfu



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GANIL future electron-RIB

Nuclear structure via (e,e) (p,p)